

Multifamily Selling and Servicing Guide

Effective as of October 18, 2021

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Summary of Changes

HIGHLIGHTS

Effective October 18, 2021, Fannie Mae continues its CLASS initiative by publishing 3 newly rewritten Part V Guide chapters:

- Part V, Chapter 1: Servicing;
- Part V, Chapter 6: Watchlist Management; and
- Part V, Chapter 8: In Place Loans.

Primary Changes

In 2019 and 2020 the rewritten Parts I – IV of the Guide became effective and available in DUS Navigate TM . With your support and partnership, we are continuing our CLASS initiative to simplify and rewrite the Guide, and are pleased to publish 3 rewritten Part V chapters.

Questions

Please contact the DUS Navigate team at dus_navigate@fanniemae.com with any questions.



Chapter 1

General Servicing Requirements, and Servicing for Loan Documents and Specialty Products

Section 101

Servicing - General

The Servicer must service Mortgage Loans:

- with regard to Securitized Mortgage Loans, on behalf of Fannie Mae, in Fannie Mae's corporate capacity and in Fannie Mae's capacity as Trustee, for the benefit of and in the best interest of the Investor in the Security;
- with regard to Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loans, on behalf of Fannie Mae as the issuer of the Credit Enhancement Instrument; and
- with regard to Cash Mortgage Loans, on behalf of Fannie Mae, in Fannie Mae's corporate capacity.

The Servicer's servicing obligations continue until terminated by the terms of the Guide, and the Loan Documents.

The Servicer must always act diligently to protect Fannie Mae's investment interests in the Mortgage Loans. The Servicer is expected to exercise prudent business judgment in all of its servicing and asset management activities, including those relating to matters for which Fannie Mae has not established specific requirements or standards. While this Part V delegates significant decision making authority and responsibility to the Servicer, consultation with the Servicer's Fannie Mae Representative is encouraged whenever matters arise that could materially affect Fannie Mae's investment interests. All requirements of this Part V are also applicable to any Sub-Servicer of the Mortgage Loan.

Section 102

Servicing Standard

The Servicer must service the Mortgage Loan in accordance with and, in the event of any conflict, in the following order of priority:

- the applicable Loan Documents;
- the Lender Contract:
- the Guide; and
- commercially prudent servicing practices and sound



business judgment as would be exercised by prudent institutional mortgage lenders and servicers servicing mortgage loans comparable to the Mortgage Loans in the jurisdictions where the Property is located.

Section 103 Servicing Files

The Servicer must maintain a separate Servicing File for each Mortgage Loan. The Servicing File may be maintained in paper or electronic imaged form so long as all requirements for record retention provided in the Program Rules are met. The Servicing File for each Mortgage Loan must include copies of any document relevant to the Mortgage Loan as provided in Servicing File Content Requirements (Form 4800).

The Servicer must carefully document the actions it takes with respect to each Mortgage Loan in the Servicing File. The Servicing Files will be examined as part of Fannie Mae's periodic assessment of the Servicer.

Section 104 Loan Document Servicing

For each Mortgage Loan that it services, the Servicer is responsible for monitoring the Borrower's compliance with the terms and conditions of all Loan Documents, and for taking such actions as are appropriate to facilitate the Borrower's compliance or address any instance of noncompliance.

In the event of any conflict among the requirements of the Lender Contract, the Guide, or the provisions of any Loan Document, the provisions of the Loan Document shall control.

Section 105 Uniform Commercial Code Financing Statements

105.01 Documentation and Filing Requirements

The Servicer must:

retain in the Servicing File a file-stamped copy of all applicable UCC financing statements, continuations, renewals, and assignments (UCC-1s and UCC-3s) filed in connection with the Personal Property securing the Mortgage Loan;



- preserve, on a continuous basis, Fannie Mae's first Lien security interest in the Personal Property by ensuring that all necessary UCC financing statement renewal or continuation statements are filed on a timely basis (i.e., before the date on which any outstanding filing lapses, or by any earlier deadline for filing that may be applicable in the particular jurisdiction); and
- maintain an effective "tickler" system for tracking the UCC financing statement renewal or continuation filing deadlines applicable to all of the Mortgage Loans it services for Fannie Mae.

The Servicer is liable for any losses incurred by Fannie Mae due to the Servicer's failure to effect a timely renewal or continuation of a UCC financing statement.

105.02 UCC Renewals or Continuations and Amendments and Terminations

The Servicer is hereby authorized and required to file in all appropriate jurisdictions all required UCC renewal or continuation financing statements on Fannie Mae's behalf as servicer of the Mortgage Loan. The Servicer is also authorized and required to file amendments to the UCC financing statements required to correct any scrivener's error. Unless specific authority is granted by Fannie Mae to serve as Fannie Mae's attorney in fact pursuant to a Limited Power of Attorney (as described in Part V, Chapter 4: Asset Management: Loan Document Administration, Section 403: Execution of Documents by Servicer — Limited Power of Attorney), the Servicer is not authorized to sign or file any amendment to a UCC financing statement (other than an amendment to correct a scrivener's error) or termination of any UCC financing statement.

Section 106

Administrative Duties Relating to Letters of Credit

106.01 Retention in Servicing File

The Servicer must retain a copy of the executed Letter of Credit, and the associated Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement in its Servicing File. Fannie Mae will hold the original Letter of Credit and any amendments thereto.

106.02 Submission of Certification

The Servicer must submit a Letter of Credit Authorization and



Certification Form (Form 4664.B) with any new or replacement Letter of Credit, and must otherwise comply with the provisions of Part I, Chapter 2: Mortgage Loan, Section 204: Letters of Credit.

106.03 Forwarding New, Replacement or Amended Letters of Credit

Any new, replacement, or amended Letter of Credit sent to the Servicer rather than to Fannie Mae must be forwarded to Fannie Mae immediately.

106.04 Verification of Issuer Rating

While the Letter of Credit is outstanding, the Servicer must monitor the rating of the Letter of Credit issuer as required in Part I, Chapter 2: Mortgage Loan, Section 204.03: Verifying Issuer Ratings, and notify Multifamily Business Operations whenever the issuer ceases to meet the required rating, regardless of whether the Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement provides issuer rating acceptability or gives Fannie Mae the right to take any action in the event of a rating drop.

106.05 Documenting Rating in Servicing File

Each time the issuer's rating is verified, the Servicer must document the current rating in its Servicing File.

106.06 When Issuer Rating Fails to Meet Standard

If the Letter of Credit issuer fails to meet the rating standards prescribed by the Achievement Agreement, other Collateral Agreement, or the Guide (if not specified in the Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement), the Servicer must:

- immediately notify Multifamily Business Operations; and
- send written notification to the Borrower to furnish a replacement or confirming Letter of Credit from an acceptably rated institution by the replacement deadline specified in the applicable Achievement Agreement or Collateral Agreement, or if not specified, by the earlier of 30 days after the date of such notice, or 5 Business Days prior to the Letter of Credit's expiration date.

106.07 Monitoring Expiration Dates



The Servicer must effectively monitor the expiration date of any Letter of Credit to ensure that Fannie Mae receives an acceptable renewal or replacement Letter of Credit by the deadline specified in the Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement, or if not specified, by at least 5 Business Days prior to the Letter of Credit's expiration date. Failure to provide a substitute or renewal Letter of Credit will result in Fannie Mae's presentment of a sight draft against the expiring Letter of Credit.

106.08 Draws on the Letter of Credit

The Servicer must promptly notify Multifamily Asset

Management and Multifamily Business Operations whenever a draw on
a Letter of Credit may be warranted. If Fannie Mae determines that a
draw should be made, Fannie Mae will present a sight draft, signed by
Fannie Mae (as beneficiary) to the issuer and arrange to have the cash
proceeds wired to a designated Fannie Mae account.

106.09 Release/Reduction of Letter of Credit or Other Collateral

Unless requested in connection with the Mortgage Loan being repaid in full, the Servicer is responsible for:

- assessing any Borrower request for a full release or partial reduction of the Letter of Credit or other collateral held by Fannie Mae or the Servicer in accordance with the terms and conditions of the applicable Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement;
- sending a recommended course of action to Multifamily
 Asset Management; and
- providing written notification to the Borrower of the approval or denial of each request.

106.10 Replacement Letters of Credit

Any replacement Letter of Credit must have an expiration date that is at least 30 days past the expiration of the applicable Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement.

Section 107 Bond Transactions and Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loans

107.01 Borrower Obligations



107.01A Compliance with Reimbursement Agreement or Loan Agreement, and Other Loan Documents

The Servicer must monitor Borrower's compliance with any Reimbursement Agreement, and the other Loan Documents and Bond Documents. For example, the Servicer must monitor financial information required to be provided by the Borrower or any other Person under the Reimbursement Agreement.

107.01B Payment of Fees

1. Collection from Borrower

In addition to invoicing and collecting from the Borrower the Bond Scheduled Payments (or P&I payment on any Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan), and other amounts owing, the Servicer is responsible for collecting all payments due from the Borrower in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Reimbursement Agreement, Loan Agreement, and other Loan Documents, including the following:

- reimbursement of all amounts disbursed by Fannie Mae under either:
 - its Credit Enhancement Instrument or its MBS issued as Credit Enhancement; and
 - the Loan Documents evidencing or securing the Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan or any other Collateral Agreement for the Bonds;
- the Facility Fee and the Activity Fee;
- all amounts required to be paid by Borrower to fully replenish the PRF following any use of funds in the PRF by the Bond Trustee;
- any Prepayment Premium or other Termination Fee payable by the Borrower with the prepayment of a Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan; and
- any other fees, expenses, or reimbursements required to be made by the Borrower under the Reimbursement Agreement.

2. Calculate Amounts Owing

The Servicer must immediately invoice the Borrower upon



receipt from Fannie Mae of the information the Servicer requires to calculate amounts owing from the Borrower under the Reimbursement Agreement or any other Loan Agreement evidencing or securing the Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan. Upon receipt from the Borrower, the Servicer must remit the funds to the appropriate parties in accordance with the timing and terms of the Reimbursement Agreement or the applicable Loan Document.

3. Notification of Fannie Mae Advanced Funds

Fannie Mae will notify the Servicer on or after each date on which Fannie Mae disburses funds, of the amount disbursed, under any:

- Credit Enhancement Instrument;
- Loan Document evidencing or securing a Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan or any other Collateral Agreement for Bonds; or
- Credit Enhancement for any Interest Rate Hedge, including any Swap Collateral Agreement, Interest Rate SwapCredit Enhancement Instrument, or Interest Rate Swap Credit Support Annex.

4. Collection from Borrower of Fannie Mae Advanced

Funds

The Servicer must collect from the Borrower and immediately remit to Fannie Mae funds equal to:

- the amount provided by Fannie Mae in connection with any Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan or any Credit Enhancement for an Interest Rate Hedge; and/or
- the Activity Fee with respect to the related Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan, to the extent that the Borrower does not fully reimburse Fannie Mae by 2:00 p.m. Eastern Time, on the date on which Fannie Mae provided the funds in connection with such Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan or such Credit Enhancement for an Interest Rate Hedge.

107.01C Other Fees

The Servicer must collect from the Borrower and remit to



Fannie Mae:

- any other fees, expenses, or additional costs due from the Borrower to Fannie Mae under each Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan, each Security Instrument, the Reimbursement Agreement, or any other Loan Document; and
- any other amounts due pursuant to written communication from Fannie Mae or the Bond Trustee.

107.01D Timing of Payments

When the Servicer receives payment from the Borrower with respect to the Reimbursement Agreement, Loan Agreement, or any Loan Document, the Servicer must remit such payment as directed by Fannie Mae.

If payment is not provided to Fannie Mae or the Bond Trustee until the next Business Day, the Servicer must invest the funds overnight and remit all investment earnings to Fannie Mae or the Bond Trustee with the payment; provided, however, that the Servicer is only required to use its best efforts to so invest any payments received after 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time.

107.01E Principal Reserve Fund

For each Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan, the Servicer must monitor the PRF amount and the Interest Reserve Requirement, if any, under the Bond Indenture.

Notwithstanding any provision in the Reimbursement
Agreement, Loan Agreement, or any other Loan Document, no
withdrawal from a PRF may be made without the prior written consent
of Fannie Mae.

If any withdrawal is made from the PRF, including any reimbursement to Fannie Mae for amounts paid by Fannie Mae under the Credit Enhancement Instrument or Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan Documents, the Servicer must collect the amount of such withdrawal from the Borrower.

107.02 Security Instrument; Collateral Agreements; Uniform Commercial Code Filings

107.02A General



The Servicer must monitor the Borrower's continued compliance with the requirements of the Security Instrument and any other Collateral Agreement.

107.02B Cash Collateral Agreement

Upon request, the Servicer must notify Fannie Mae regarding the status of the investment of the cash collateral posted under any Collateral Agreement. The Servicer must monitor and ensure that any control agreement required to perfect Fannie Mae's security interest in such pledged collateral remains in full force and effect.

107.02C Investment of Collateral

The Servicer must perform reasonable servicing functions, as directed by Fannie Mae, with respect to any Security Agreement. The Servicer acknowledges and agrees, however, that the Servicer has no discretion to direct investment, application, or release of the collateral under any Security Agreement except upon express written authorization and direction from Fannie Mae.

107.02D Monitoring Uniform Commercial Code Filings

The Servicer must monitor and ensure that all UCC filings for Fannie Mae in connection with Loan Documents or related Bond Documents are continued, prior to their expiration, in accordance with the requirements of the jurisdiction in which they are filed.

The Servicer must provide each Bond Trustee with written notice of the need to file continuation statements for all UCC filings for the Bond Trustee for the benefit of Fannie Mae no later than 90 days prior to the expiration of the UCC filings, and must actively, diligently, and persistently seek to obtain confirmation from each Bond Trustee that the requisite continuation statements have been filed prior to the expiration of the UCC filings.

107.03 Remarketing Agent Changes

Fannie Mae must approve any change in the Remarketing Agent if Fannie Mae is providing Bond Liquidity support for an existing variable rate Bond or for index or reset rate Bonds subject to remarketing on certain scheduled mandatory tender and remarketing dates.

To request approval of a new Remarketing Agent, the Lender



must submit to Lender Risk Management and Multifamily Asset Management the following information regarding the proposed Remarketing Agent:

- annual financial statements for the most recent fiscal year;
- description of the operation, knowledge, and experience in public finance and tax-exempt markets, including experience in remarketing variable rate demand Bonds;
- current weekly variable-rate demand Bond remarketing book, including dollar amount; and
- description of any failed remarketings.

The proposed Remarketing Agent should:

- currently remarket at least \$250 million of weekly variablerate demand Bonds;
- have experience continuously remarketing weekly variablerate demand Bonds for the past 3 years;
- have a minimum net worth of \$5 million; and
- have a minimum broker line of credit sufficient for warehousing \$100 million of rated Bonds at any time.



Chapter 1 Servicing

Section 101 Generally

101.01 Relationship

▼ Requirements

You must service all Portfolio Mortgage Loans on Fannie Mae's behalf per the Guide.

101.02 Standard

Requirements

You must:

- always protect Fannie Mae's interest in the Mortgage Loan;
- collect all amounts due from the Borrower for Fannie Mae and any MBS Investor;
- service each Mortgage Loan per these documents until your obligations end in the following order of priority:
 - 1. Loan Documents;
 - 2. Disclosure Documents;
 - 3. Lender Contract;
 - 4. Guide; and
 - commercially sound servicing practices and business judgment exercised by prudent institutional servicers for comparable mortgage loans in the Property's jurisdiction; and
- hold any retained subservicer to this standard.

101.03 Servicing File

Requirements

You must:



- maintain a separate Servicing File for each Mortgage Loan; and
- permit Fannie Mae to periodically examine your Servicing Files.

Operating Procedures

The Servicing File must:

- 1. Per the Multifamily Servicing File Content Requirements(Form 4800), include a copy of all
- Mortgage Loan origination documents,
- underwriting documents,
- Loan Documents, and
- servicing documents.
- 2. Fully document your actions for each Mortgage Loan.
- 3. Be in paper or electronic imaged form.
- 4. Comply with all record retention requirements per the Program Rules.

101.04 Loan Document Compliance

Requirements

For each Mortgage Loan, you must:

- monitor the Borrower's compliance with all Loan Document terms and conditions; and
- appropriately address noncompliance.

Section 102 Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) Financing Statements

102.01 Filing Documents

Requirements

You must maintain Fannie Mae's first Lien security interest in the Personal Property by filing all necessary UCC financing statements and



continuations by the earlier of:

- the date any outstanding filing lapses; or
- any applicable jurisdiction filing deadline.

Guidance

For all Mortgage Loans, you should effectively monitor

- UCC financing statements, and
- continuation filing deadlines.

Operating Procedures

Each Mortgage Loan Servicing File must include a file-stamped copy of the UCC financing statements filed for the Personal Property, including

- initial filings,
- continuations,
- assignments, and
- other amendments.

102.02 UCC Continuations, Amendments, and Terminations

Operating Procedures

You are authorized and required to file:

- 1. All UCC continuation statements in all appropriate jurisdictions.
- 2. Any UCC financing statement amendments to correct any scrivener's error.

<u>Unless Fannie Mae granted you a Limited Power of Attorney, you are not authorized to</u>

- sign or file any UCC financing statement amendment other than for a scrivener's error, or
- terminate any UCC financing statement.



Guidance

<u>See Part V, Chapter 4: Asset Management: Loan Document</u>
<u>Administration, Section 403: Execution of Documents by Servicer – Limited Power of Attorney for more information.</u>

Section 103 Letters of Credit

103.01 Servicing File

Requirements

You must immediately deliver to Fannie Mae:

- the original Letter of Credit; and
- any new, replacement, or amended Letter of Credit delivered to you.

Operating Procedures

In your Servicing File, you must keep a copy of any

- Letter of Credit, and
- <u>the associated Achievement Agreement or other Collateral</u>
 <u>Agreement.</u>

103.02 Certification

Operating Procedure

With any new or replacement Letter of Credit, you must

- submit a BorrowerLetter of Credit Certification (Form 4664.B), and
- confirm the Letter of Credit complies with Part I, Chapter 2: Mortgage Loan, Section 204: Letters of Credit.

103.03 Monitoring Expiration Dates

Operating Procedures

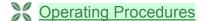
You must:



- effectively monitor each Letter of Credit's expiration date; and
- ensure Fannie Mae receives an acceptable renewal or replacement Letter of Credit
 - by the deadline per the Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement, or
 - if no deadline is specified, at least 5 Business Days before the Letter of Credit expires.

If you do not provide a renewal or replacement Letter of Credit, Fannie Mae will present a sight draft against the expiring Letter of Credit.

103.04 Replacement Letter of Credit



You must ensure any replacement Letter of Credit has an expiration date at least 30 days after the applicable Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement expiration date.

103.05 Verifying Issuer Ratings

103.05A Monitoring

Operating Procedures

While each Letter of Credit is outstanding, you must:

- comply with Part I, Chapter 2: Mortgage Loan, Section 204.03:
 Verifying Issuer Ratings; and
- document each rating verification in your Servicing File.

103.05B Rating Noncompliance

Operating Procedures



If the rating of the financial institution issuing or confirming the Letter of Credit does not comply with	You must
Part I, Chapter 2: Mortgage Loan, Section 204.02: Issuers and Ratings	Promptly notify Multifamily Business Operations even if the Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement • provides different acceptable issuer rating criteria, or • does not authorize Fannie Mae to act if the rating falls.
Rating criterial in the Achievement Agreement or other Collateral Agreement	 Promptly notify Multifamily Business Operations. Require the Borrower to provide a replacement or confirming Letter of Credit from an acceptably rated institution by the: replacement deadline per the Achievement Agreement or Collateral Agreement; or earlier of 30 days after notifying the Borrower, or 5 Business Days before the Letter of Credit expires.

103.06 Managing Draws and Releases

103.06A Letter of Credit Draws

✓ Requirements

You must promptly notify Multifamily Asset Management and Multifamily Business Operations if a Letter of Credit draw is appropriate.

103.06B Releasing/Reducing Letters of Credit or Other Collateral



Operating Procedures

Unless a Mortgage Loan is being fully repaid, you must:

- assess each Borrower request to fully release or partially reduce a Letter of Credit or other collateral;
- submit your recommendation to Multifamily Asset Management; and
- notify the Borrower when each request is approved or denied.

Section 104 Bond Transactions and Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loans

104.01 Borrower Obligations

104.01A Payments

Operating Procedures

Collect all of the following from the Borrower:

- reimbursement of all amounts Fannie Mae paid or is due per any:
 - Credit Enhancement Instrument or MBS for Bonds;
 - Loan Documents or Reimbursement Agreement;
 - Bond Collateral Agreement; and
 - Interest Rate Cap Agreement or other interest rate hedge;
- any Facility Fee and/or Activity Fee for an unreimbursed Liquidity Advance per the Reimbursement Agreement;
- all amounts required to replenish the PRF;
- any Prepayment Premium or other Termination Fee;
- any other fees, expenses, or additional costs due per any
 - Credit Enhancement Instrument or MBS for Bonds,
 - Security Instrument,
 - Reimbursement Agreement, or
 - other Loan Document; and
- any other amounts due Fannie Mae or the Bond Trustee.



Steps	Activity
Calculate the Amount Due	After receiving the information to calculate the amount due, you must • immediately invoice the Borrower, and • remit the funds to the appropriate parties per the Reimbursement Agreement or Loan Documents.
Advance Funds Notification	Fannie Mae will notify you of the amount disbursed on or after each disbursement date for any: • Credit Enhancement Instrument or MBS for Bonds; • Loan Document; or • other Bond Collateral Agreement.
Payment Timing	You must remit all Borrower payments per the Loan Documents or Fannie Mae's instructions. If you do not pay Fannie Mae or the Bond Trustee until the next Business Day, you must • invest the funds overnight, and • remit all investment earnings to Fannie Mae or the Bond Trustee with the payment. For Borrower payments received after 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, you must use your best efforts to invest the funds.

Principal Reserve Fund

✓ Requirements

You must ensure no PRF withdrawal occurs without Fannie Mae's approval.

Operating Procedures

For each Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan, you must:



- Review the Bond Trustee's reported PRF balance.
- Collect from the Borrower any amount withdrawn from the PRF, including withdrawals reimbursing Fannie Mae for amounts it paid per the
 - Credit Enhancement Instrument or MBS for Bonds, or
 - Loan Documents.

104.02 Cash Collateral Agreements

Requirements

You must:

- ensure any control agreement perfecting Fannie Mae's security interest in pledged collateral remains in full force and effect; and
- not invest, apply, or release any collateral under a Cash Collateral or other Security Agreement.

104.03 UCC Filings

Operating Procedures

For UCC filings per Loan Documents or Bond documents, you must:

- instruct each Bond Trustee to file UCC continuation statements at least 90 days before the filing expires; and
- confirm the filing occurred before expiration.

104.04 Remarketing Agent Changes

∇ Requirements

For Bond transactions that remarket on scheduled mandatory tender and remarketing dates where Fannie Mae provides Bond liquidity support, you must ensure any new Remarketing Agent complies with Part III, Chapter 19: Bond Transactions and Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loans, Section 1903.02: Remarketing Agent.



Chapter 6 Watchlist Management

Section 601

General

This Chapter sets forth the minimum standards for identifying and servicing Mortgage Loans that exhibit signs of heightened credit risk. Certain circumstances may require the Servicer to perform additional servicing duties. Although Fannie Mae requires Servicers to service all Mortgage Loans to a high standard, those exhibiting heightened credit risk must be serviced to an enhanced standard commensurate with the increased risk. Fannie Mae may exercise its remedies under the Lender Contract if the Servicer fails to comply with the standards described in this Chapter. All of the requirements of this Chapter apply to Primary Risk Mortgage Loans and Secondary Risk Mortgage Loans unless otherwise indicated.

Section 602

Risk Rate and Maintain Servicer Watchlist

The Servicer must maintain a Servicer Watchlist by risk rating its Fannie Mae Mortgage Loan portfolio in order to identify Mortgage Loans exhibiting heightened credit risk consistent with the instructions and classification provided in this Chapter.

Section 603

Servicer Watchlist Classifications and Requirements

To promote consistency in identifying Mortgage Loans exhibiting heightened credit risk, Fannie Mae has defined rating classifications for the Servicer to determine which Mortgage Loans must be identified on the Servicer Watchlist described in this Chapter. These classifications are similar to regulatory definitions applicable to U.S. depository institutions with respect to assets exhibiting heightened credit risk.

603.01 Rating Classifications

603.01A Pass Asset

A Pass Asset exhibits no evidence of an emerging weakness that could affect its future performance. A Pass Asset is performing as agreed and demonstrates none of the weaknesses described in the following definitions for a Pass/Watch Asset, Special Mention Asset, Substandard Asset, or Doubtful Asset.

603.01B Pass/Watch Asset



A Pass/Watch Asset demonstrates a current weakness, condition, or characteristic that is not yet severe enough to warrant a Substandard Asset or Doubtful Asset rating.

Characteristics of a Pass/Watch Asset rating include, but are not limited to, physical condition, cash flow and/or other measures of performance that are weaker than expected or as underwritten, yet operating performance has not diminished such that the Asset should be adversely classified.

603.01C Special Mention Asset

A Special Mention Asset is a Mortgage Loan that would otherwise be rated Pass, but has potential weaknesses requiring close attention. Ordinarily assets rated Special Mention have deficiencies in their administration which corrective management action might remedy. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the Mortgage Loan, or adversely affect its future performance. A Special Mention Asset rating is not a compromise between a Pass Asset and Substandard Asset rating, and should not be used to avoid exercising such judgment. Instead, it should be used to guide management on corrective measures that might be taken to strengthen an asset to avoid any potential deterioration in the asset's quality.

Characteristics of a Special Mention Asset rating include, but are not limited to, matters not immediately impacting Property cash flow or asset value that, if left uncorrected, may warrant an adverse risk classification in the future, including:

- material noncompliance with any Loan Document (including, but not limited to, any Completion/Repair Agreement, Replacement Reserve Schedule, or Collateral Agreement), or other similar Borrower obligation;
- ownership or management problems;
- pending litigation, citations, or code/regulatory violations; or
- any other material structural weakness, or any other significant deviation from prudent lending or ownership practices.

603.01D Substandard Asset

A Substandard Asset is inadequately protected by the current



net worth and paying capacity of the Borrower or the related Property, including any additional collateral pledged. A Mortgage Loan classified as a Substandard Asset must have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that may jeopardize the timely repayment of the Mortgage Loan, and there must be a distinct possibility that the Borrower will default under the terms of the Mortgage Loan if the deficiencies are not corrected. While Substandard Assets generally will have a distinct potential for loss, an individual Mortgage Loan may still be rated as a Substandard Asset even though that Mortgage Loan does not have distinct loss potential should it default.

A Substandard Asset has a higher probability of payment default than a Pass Asset or a Pass/Watch Asset, or it has other well-defined weaknesses and requires more intensive supervision by the Servicer.

Characteristics of a Substandard Asset rating include, but are not limited to:

- inadequate debt service coverage; or
- repayment that depends on the sale of the Property (or other collateral, if any) securing the Mortgage Loan, the assumption of the Mortgage Loan, or other credit risk mitigants.

603.01E Doubtful Asset

A Doubtful Asset has all the weaknesses inherent in a Substandard Asset with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make timely collection or liquidation in full highly questionable and improbable on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values.

A Doubtful Asset is either already in default or has a high probability of default, and may have a high probability of total or substantial loss. However, the extent of the loss may not be clear due to specific pending events that may strengthen the asset or mitigate the loss. Pending events can include mergers, acquisitions, liquidations, capital injections, obtaining and perfecting Liens on additional collateral, the valuation of collateral, and refinancing. Generally, pending events should be resolved within a relatively short period and the rating will be adjusted based on the new information.

603.02 Identification on Servicer Watchlist



A Mortgage Loan having characteristics of anything other than a Pass Asset or Pass/Watch Asset must be identified on the Servicer Watchlist by that Mortgage Loan's risk rating classification.

603.03 Increased Communication with Fannie Mae

A Servicer must increase its communication with the appropriate Multifamily Loss Mitigation, Multifamily Maturity Management, and Top Loss Management Representative concerning any Mortgage Loan that meets the criteria of a:

- Special Mention Asset;
- Substandard Asset; or
- Doubtful Asset.

The Servicer must contact Multifamily Loss Mitigation, or the appropriate Multifamily Maturity Management or Top Loss Management Representative by telephone or e-mail within 10 Business Days after the Servicer determines that a Mortgage Loan has moved to either a Substandard Asset or a Doubtful Asset since the last reporting period.

These communications must provide sufficient detail to ensure that Fannie Mae is fully apprised of the nature and severity of the factors leading to the rating characterization assigned by the Servicer.

A Servicer must act prudently and in a timely manner, as required under its Lender Contract, this Guide, and the Loan Documents, to mitigate the risk of loss or default with respect to Mortgage Loans serviced on behalf of Fannie Mae. Such actions may include, but are not limited to:

- increased monitoring of the management and operating results of the Property (and other collateral, if any);
- increased monitoring of the physical condition of the Property (i.e., increased inspections beyond the stated requirements);
- rescission of waivers or implementation of Loan Document requirements that serve to mitigate risk (e.g., the reinstatement of the Multifamily Loan Agreement requirement to fund the Replacement Reserve that had been previously waived); and
- increased communication with the Borrower and any party



that has managerial rights pertaining to the Borrower or the Property (and other collateral pledged with respect to the Mortgage Loan, if any).

Section 604 Servicer Watchlist Submission

The Servicer must submit to Fannie Mae the Servicer's Watchlist for all Primary Risk Mortgage Loans and Secondary Risk Mortgage Loans rated by the Servicer as a Special Mention Asset, Substandard Asset, or Doubtful Asset. For each Mortgage Loan on the Servicer's Watchlist, the Servicer should:

- explain why the Asset is being reported, including the rationale for assigning the specific rating for that asset; and
- provide an update on the current status of the issues.

Additionally, the Servicer must answer "Yes" or "No" to the following 2 questions:

- 1. Is it likely that the Borrower will not be able to make Debt Service payments in a timely manner?
- 2. Is it likely the Borrower will not meet the contractual obligations to pay off the principal balance of this Mortgage Loan in a timely manner?

The Servicer's Watchlist and answers to the above 2 questions must be submitted within 45 days after the end of each calendar quarter, and no later than the due date shown in the MAMP. Submissions are made using the CSV upload template located in the Resource Library of the MAMP. Fannie Mae will review the submission and determine if further actions are warranted.

Section 605 Fannie Mae Watchlist

Fannie Mae maintains a Fannie Mae Watchlist that identifies Mortgage Loans that exhibit increased credit risk based on Fannie Mae's proprietary Mortgage Loan rating system. Servicers are able to view all rated Mortgage Loans in the "My Portfolio" section of the MAMP.

Fannie Mae will initiate communications with the Servicer to discuss the severity of risk of each Mortgage Loan included in the



Fannie Mae Watchlist.

Section 606 Action Plans

606.01 Action Plans for Primary Risk Mortgage Loans

The Servicer must submit an Action Plan for every Primary
Risk Mortgage Loan identified as a Substandard Asset on the Fannie
Mae Watchlist. However, no Action Plan is required for Small Mortgage
Loans that are Substandard Assets unless specifically requested by
Fannie Mae. Periodically, Fannie Mae publishes a schedule outlining
the dates by which the Servicer must (i) determine whether any
Mortgage Loan qualifies as a Substandard Asset, and (ii) submit the
Action Plan.

Action Plans must contain details sufficient to allow Fannie
Mae to understand (i) the areas of concern, (ii) the actions the Servicer
is taking to resolve the issues, and (iii) the results of the actions. A
Watchlist Management User Guide and prescribed formats for Action
Plans are published on the Lender Dashboard of the Watchlist
Management application and in the Resource Library of the MAMP.
The Servicer must update Action Plans as needed, but not less
frequently than twice per year to reflect:

- material changes;
- causes of issues and additional actions being taken;
- an explanation of how additional actions will reduce the risk factors of the Mortgage Loan; and
- the results of any actions taken previously.

A Servicer may suspend actions required under an Action
Plan for a Substandard Asset if it is re-characterized as a Special
Mention Asset, a Pass/Watch Asset, or a Pass Asset prior to the date
set forth in the Fannie Mae publication by which the Servicer must
determine whether any Mortgage Loan qualifies as a Substandard
Asset.

Fannie Mae will evaluate the quality of the Servicer's Action Plans, including timeliness of the submission, completeness, appropriateness, and management activity.

606.02 Information Requests and Action Plans for Secondary Risk Mortgage Loans



Fannie Mae may request additional information from the Servicer with respect to Secondary Risk Mortgage Loans on the Servicer-Watchlist. Such information may include an Action Plan which must be in the format prescribed in the Lender Dashboard — Watchlist Management application. All requested information and Action Plans must be provided by the Servicer within 5 Business Days after request by Fannie Mae.

606.03 Defaulted Mortgage Loans on Fannie Mae or Servicer Watchlist

The Servicer's obligations with respect to defaulted Mortgage Loans are addressed in Part V, Chapter 7: Non-Performing Mortgage Loans. The Servicer must continue to execute activities set forth in an Action Plan (and as otherwise communicated to or with Fannie Mae) with respect to a defaulted Mortgage Loan until and unless servicing of the Mortgage Loan is transferred to Special Servicing in accordance with Part V, Chapter 7: Non-Performing Mortgage Loans. Once transferred to Special Servicing, the Servicer may suspend any actions required under an Action Plan.

Section 607

Property Condition Concerns (Not Limited to Watchlist Loans)

Regardless of whether or not the Mortgage Loan is listed on the Fannie Mae Watchlist or the Servicer Watchlist, the Servicer must take the following actions if (i) a Mortgage Loan has a Property inspection rating of 4 or 5, as shown on the Fannie Mae Assessment Addendum ("Fannie Mae Assmt Addendum") tab of the MBA Standard Inspection Form, or (ii) the property is found to have any life safety concerns or significant deferred maintenance:

- reinstate any suspended requirements for repair or replacement reserves escrows;
- inspect the affected Property or Properties as frequently as necessary to identify, monitor, and work to correct the matter of concern, but in no event less frequently than required by Part V, Chapter 5: Surveillance;
- obtain Fannie Mae's approval prior to ordering a Property Condition Assessment ("PCA"); and
- identify the Mortgage Loan as Substandard (or other appropriate classification) as directed by this Chapter.



Section 608

Servicer Fees for Workout, Modification, or Reinstatement

The Servicer may not charge the Borrower any fee for its own account, or seek reimbursement from the Borrower for any costs or expenses in connection with any workout, modification, or reinstatement of a Mortgage Loan on the Servicer Watchlist or the Fannie Mae Watchlist without the prior approval of Fannie Mae.

Section 609

Fannie Mac Contractors

Periodically, Fannie Mae may contract with others to provide asset management and other services on its behalf with respect to Mortgage Loans. All required interactions between a Servicer and such Fannie Mae contractors must be conducted as though the Servicer is interacting directly with Fannie Mae and, in all instances, consistent with the Servicer's obligations under this Guide.



<u>Chapter 6</u> <u>Watchlist Management</u>

Section 601 Servicer Watchlist

601.01 Submission

Requirements

You must:

- Maintain a Servicer Watchlist for your Portfolio Mortgage Loans that
 - reflects your loan rating methodology, and
 - identifies Mortgage Loans with heightened credit risk.
- Submit your Servicer Watchlist for all
 - Primary Risk Mortgage Loans, and
 - Secondary Risk Mortgage Loans.

Operating Procedures

Submit your Servicer Watchlist:

- using the CSV upload template located under "Guides and Templates" in the MAMP; and
- within 45 days after each calendar quarter end, but no later than the due date shown in the MAMP.

For each Mortgage Loan, you must:

- Respond "Yes" or "No" to the following 2 questions:
 - Will the Borrower likely not be able to make timely debt service payments?
 - Will the Borrower likely not meet the contractual obligations to timely pay off the Mortgage Loan UPB?
- Explain
 - why it is being reported, and
 - the rationale for its rating.



Describe the current status of the issues.

601.02 Actions

✓ Requirements

If a Mortgage Loan has heightened credit risk, you must:

- act to mitigate the risk of loss or default;
- explain the nature and severity of the issues; and
- contact Fannie Mae:

Contact	Form
Watchlist Management	Primary Risk Mortgage Loans with deteriorating Property performance near or below breakeven.
Top Loss	Secondary Risk Mortgage Loans with deteriorating Property performance near or below breakeven.
Special Credits	Property condition concerns per • Part V, Chapter 5: Surveillance, Section 502.02: Mortgage Loans with Property Condition Concerns (Not Limited to Watchlist Loans), and • Part V, Chapter 5: Surveillance, Section 502.06F: Analysis of Collateral.
Special Asset Management	Monetary default.
Maturity Management	Mortgage Loans maturing within the next 24 months.

Operating Procedures

Your mitigating actions must include 1 or more of the following:

- monitoring the Property(and any other collateral)
 - management and operations, and



- physical condition (e.g., more frequent inspections);
- implementing or enforcing Loan Document provisions such as
 - rescinding Loan Document waivers, or
 - reinstating Replacement Reserve funding; and
- communicating with all appropriate parties (e.g., Borrower, Key Principals, Sponsor, and Property manager).

Section 602 Fannie Mae's Watchlist



Guidance

Fannie Mae's Watchlist identifies Mortgage Loans with increased credit risk based on Fannie Mae's proprietary

- rating system, and
- Watchlist Rating Classifications.

▼ Requirements

You must regularly monitor Fannie Mae's Watchlist for your Mortgage Loans in the MAMP's "My Portfolio" module.

Section 603 **Action Plans**

603.01 Primary Risk Mortgage Loans

▼ Requirements

You must submit an Action Plan for any Primary Risk Mortgage Loan

- identified as a Substandard Asset on Fannie Mae's Watchlist, and
- with an Action Plan work item in the MAMP.

The Action Plan must explain

- all areas of concern.
- the Sponsor's strategy and timing,
- vour actions to resolve the issues, and



any results.

Operating Procedures

For a Small Mortgage Loan, do not create an Action Plan unless Fannie Mae requires it.

For each Action Plan:

- Review the MAMP module.
- Review the Action Plan Submission Process Guide under "Guides and Templates" in the MAMP.
- Create a new one or update an existing one twice a year to:
 - document material changes and/or updates since the previous Action Plan;
 - identify causes of the issues and additional actions you and the Borrower took;
 - explain how the actions will reduce or mitigate risk and loss; and
 - report the results of previous actions.
- <u>Use the prescribed format to submit it in the MAMP by the</u> "Submission Due Date".

603.02 Secondary Risk Mortgage Loans



For a Secondary Risk Mortgage Loan on your Servicer Watchlist, Fannie Mae may request additional information, including an Action Plan.

▼ Requirements

You must provide all information and Action Plans within 5 Business Days after Fannie Mae's request.

603.03 Defaulted Mortgage Loans

Requirements

For any defaulted Mortgage Loan, until servicing is transferred to a



Special Servicer, you must continue taking all actions

- noted in the Action Plan, or
- otherwise communicated to Fannie Mae.
- Guidance

For your defaulted Mortgage Loan obligations, see Part V, Chapter 7: Non-Performing Mortgage Loans.

Section 604 Servicer Fees

✓ Requirements

For any workout, modification, or reinstatement of a Mortgage Loan on your Servicer Watchlist or Fannie Mae's Watchlist, without Fannie Mae's prior written approval, you must not

- charge the Borrower any fee for your own account, or
- ask the Borrower to reimburse you for any costs or expenses.

Section 605 Fannie Mae Contractors

▼ Requirements

You must interact with any Fannie Mae contractor engaged to provide asset management or other services as you would with Fannie Mae directly.



Chapter 8 In Place Loans

Section 801 General

Fannie Mae may refinance certain Portfolio Mortgage Loans that do not meet Tier 2 underwriting requirements (" In Place Loans") if:

- the Property securing the Portfolio Mortgage Loan is in good condition (or requires repairs that can reasonably be made in connection with the refinancing);
- Fannie Mae has had a satisfactory relationship with the Borrower; and
- the Portfolio Mortgage Loan may not realistically be able to be refinanced outside of Fannie Mae.

If Fannie Mae elects to purchase an In Place Loan refinanced by the Lender, special attention will be paid to preserving collateral value and mitigating credit risk by:

- improving the Property condition as necessary in an attempt to generate increased cash flow to repay the Mortgage Loan;
- maintaining the Property in good condition over the term of the In Place Loan by requiring good property management and adequately funded Replacement Reserves; and
- adding risk mitigating loan terms.

Section 802 In Place Loan Categories

802.01 Loan Sizing

Portfolio Mortgage Loans are divided into 3 categories:

- Level 1: Portfolio Mortgage Loans that comply with the Guide and meet the minimum Tier 2 requirements of the Form 4660, which are eligible for refinance by the Lender and purchase by Fannie Mae;
- Level 2: In Place Loans that refinance Portfolio Mortgage Loans but do not meet Tier 2 requirements, as described in Part V, Chapter 8: In Place Loans, Section 802.02: Level 2



In Place Loans; and

■ Level 3: In Place Loans that refinance Portfolio Mortgage Loans but do not meet Tier 2 requirements, as described in Part V, Chapter 8: In Place Loans, Section 802.03: Level 3 In Place Loans.

To calculate the preliminary loan amount of a Level 2 In Place Loan or a Level 3 In Place Loan, the Lender must use an underwriting interest rate equal to the greater of:

- the rate established using current rates and a Tier 2 Plus/Plus Pricing Structure; or
- the applicable underwriting floor.

The preliminary pricing and loan amount should not be shared with the Borrower until approved in writing by Fannie Mae, as Fannie Mae reserves the right to adjust the final approved pricing, loan structure and loan amount based upon the individual characteristics of the In Place Loan and the Property.

802.02 Level 2 In Place Loans

Level 2 In Place Loans are Portfolio Mortgage Loans that:

- support an Underwritten DSCR not less than 5 basis points below Tier 2 standards and have an LTV not greater than 5 percentage points above Tier 2 standards;
- are subject to the special pricing and fee limitations set forth in the Pricing Memo; and
- following approval by Fannie Mae, are committed and delivered by the Lender using the standard committing and delivery process specified in Part IV.

802.03 Level 3 In Place Loans

Level 3 In Place Loans are Portfolio Mortgage Loans that:

- support an Underwritten DSCR greater than 5 basis points below Tier 2 standards or have a LTV greater than 5 percentage points above Tier 2 Standards;
- may require highly customized loan structures and



features:

- are subject to the special pricing and fee limitations specified in the Pricing Memo;
- are committed and delivered using the standard loan committing and delivery process in Part IV; and
- are subject to a post-purchase monitoring process and may require changes in the Lender's Restricted Liquidity Requirements.

802.04 Level 2 and Level 3 In Place Loans – Generally

If Fannie Mae does not approve an In Place Loan for purchase, then Fannie Mae in its sole discretion (or, for Portfolio Mortgage Loans with loss sharing, Fannie Mae and the Lender, in their joint discretion) may agree to enter into a modification and extension of the Portfolio Mortgage Loan with such additional loan terms as deemed necessary. Any modification or extension of the Portfolio Mortgage Loan, or any new Level 3 In Place Loan refinancing of a Portfolio Mortgage Loan with loss sharing will be subject to Triggering Modification Interim Loss Sharing under the Lender's Loss Sharing Addendum.

Section 803 Eligibility Requirements

A Portfolio Mortgage Loan is eligible to be refinanced by the Lender and the In Place Loan purchased by Fannie Mae if:

- during the 12 months preceding the refinance, the Portfolio Mortgage Loan had a timely payment history;
- no unauthorized transfers or changes of the ownership interest in the Borrower occurred:
- no unauthorized Liens were placed or filed against the Property;
- during the 12 months preceding the refinance, the Property operations were stable or indicated a positive trend;
- the Property meets the underwriting and delivery requirements of the Guide in all respects (physical condition, unit mix, occupancy requirements, capital reserve, etc.), except as specifically modified by this Chapter; and
- the Lender is able to demonstrate in the Transaction



Approval Memo that the credit risk of the Portfolio Mortgage Loan is reduced by the refinancing and that the refinancing is not merely a delay of an inevitable foreclosure of the Property that may increase any losses from the Portfolio Mortgage Loan in the process.

Section 804 Underwriting Process

804.01 Generally

Unless specifically modified in this Chapter, an In Place Loan must meet all of the requirements provided in:

- Part I:
- Part II;
- the applicable Part III Chapters based on the specific products and features of the Mortgage Loan; and
- Form 4660.

In all cases, the Lender must exercise prudent judgment and, unless modified by this Chapter, give the same selling and servicing representations and warranties as are required for newly originated Mortgage Loans.

804.02 Specific Underwriting Requirements

804.02A Borrower Structure and Experience

No modifications are permitted to the underwriting requirements for the Borrower's structure and experience set forth in Part I, Chapter 3: Borrower, Guarantor, Key Principals, and Principals. A new Underwriting Certificate is required from the Borrower, any Guarantor of the In Place Loan, and any Key Principal. In addition, the Lender must:

- confirm the original underwriting of the organizational structure, experience and creditworthiness of the Borrower, Guarantor, Key Principal, and Principal;
- identify the Guarantor, Key Principals and Principals of the Borrower and report the results of the ACheck for each Borrower, Guarantor, Key Principal, and Principal;



- obtain updated copies of the organizational documents of the Borrower and the Key Principal and confirm that the Borrower's organization complies with Part I, Chapter 3: Borrower, Guarantor, Key Principals, and Principals;
- confirm that no unauthorized change has been made to the organizational structure and organization documents of the Borrower; and
- obtain a new good standing certificate from the jurisdiction where the Borrower is organized.

804.02B Property Management

The Borrower is required to provide a management plan and a list of major repairs completed during the preceding 3 years, and the Lender must confirm that the Property is capably managed.

804.02C Occupancy

The Lender is not required to obtain a copy of the Certificates of Occupancy for the Property. However, the Lender should review the original loan files to identify any issues related to the legal status of the Property's occupancy, and all issues must be clearly outlined in the Lender's Transaction Approval Memo.

804.02D Property Zoning, Location, and Condition

The Lender must confirm that there has been no change in the zoning affecting the Property. If the Property zoning has not changed since the time the Portfolio Mortgage Loan was initially underwritten, and the Property is a non-conforming use, then a new zoning and non-conforming use analysis is not required for the Property. However, if the Property has been rezoned causing it to become a non-conforming use, or rezoned to further restrict the ability of an existing nonconforming use to rebuild, then the Lender must deliver a non-conforming use analysis. The Lender is not required to obtain an aerial photograph of the Property.

Section 805 Appraisals, Inspections and Loan Documentation

805.01 Appraisal

An Appraisal is required for all In Place Loans.



805.02 Physical Condition Assessment

The Lender is required to obtain a PCA for all In Place Loans. It is particularly important that the Borrower makes all needed repairs and improvements, or funds a Completion/Repair Escrow in a sufficient amount so that the Property is either in good condition at refinancing or shortly thereafter. In addition, the Replacement Reserve must be fully funded in an amount that will ensure that the Property is maintained in good condition for the term of the In Place Loan.

805.03 Environmental Assessment

If no Phase I Environmental Site Assessment was performed for the original Portfolio Mortgage Loan, then a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment is required for the In Place Loan. If a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (or, if applicable, a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment) was performed for the Portfolio Mortgage Loan, then it need only be updated by the Environmental Professional re-inspecting the Property to determine if:

- an O&M Plan, if any, has been followed or is now required;
- any other Recognized Environmental Conditions or Business Environmental Risks identified in the original Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, but not the subject of an O&M Plan, have become worse and whether an O&M Plan should be implemented;
- any new Recognized Environmental Condition or Business Environmental Risk is apparent; and
- any nearby land uses subject the Property to any Recognized Environmental Condition or Business Environmental Risk.

805.04 Mortgage Loan Documents

All new Loan Documents are required to document the In Place Loan.

805.05 Title Policy and Survey Requirements

805.05A Title Policy

A new mortgagee title insurance policy is required for all In Place Loans.



805.05B Survey

A new survey of the Property is required, unless:

- the new mortgagee title insurance policy for the In Place Loan includes all title exceptions, including those that would appear on the most recent survey provided by the Borrower to the Lender;
- the Borrower certifies that there have been no changes to the Property since the later of (i) the date of the survey referenced in the original title policy for the Portfolio Mortgage Loan, or (ii) the date of most recent survey of the Property; and
- the Lender's inspection of the Property reveals no evidence of new construction on the site or encroachments on the site from adjoining properties.

805.06 Subordinate Debt

If the original Portfolio Mortgage Loan has any existing Subordinate Loans approved by Fannie Mae which will remain after the financing of the In Place Loan, the subordinate lender must reaffirm the subordination using the appropriate Subordination Agreement. The combined DSCR of the Senior Mortgage Loan and all Subordinate Loans must be disclosed for pricing during the underwriting of the In Place Loan.

Section 806 Fees and Pricing Premiums

806.01 Origination Fees

For maximum Origination Fees for all Level 2 In Place Loans, and maximum underwriting and processing fees for all Level 3 In Place Loans, see the Pricing Memo.

806.02 Pricing Premiums

No pricing premiums are allowed in connection with the financing of In Place Loans.

806.03 Loan Modification, Extension and Forbearance Fees

If Fannie Mae agrees (or, for Portfolio Mortgage Loans with



loss sharing, Fannie Mae and the Lender jointly agree) to enter into a modification and extension of the Portfolio Mortgage Loan that does not otherwise qualify for refinancing as an In Place Loan in accordance with this Chapter, loan modification fees may be charged in connection with the modification and extension of the Portfolio Mortgage Loan as provided in Part V, Chapter 7: Non-Performing Mortgage Loans, Section 711: Courses of Action.



Chapter 8 In Place Loans

Section 801 Eligibility

✓ Requirements

A Portfolio Mortgage Loan is eligible to be refinanced with an In Place Loan if the Property:

- operations were stable or trended positively during the 12 months before refinancing; and
- complies with the Guide other than meeting the Tier 2 underwriting requirements.

Guidance

To refinance a Portfolio Mortgage Loan with an In Place Loan:

Topic	Should
Portfolio Mortgage Loan	Have a timely payment history during the 12 months before refinance.
Borrower	 Have a satisfactory relationship with Fannie Mae. Not be able to refinance the Portfolio Mortgage Loan on commercially viable terms outside Fannie Mae. Not have had any unauthorized transfers or changes of ownership interest.
Property	 Have a most recent Property condition rating of 1, or 3 per Part II, Chapter 4: Inspections and Reserves, Section 401: Site Inspection, or special exception from Fannie Mae. Only require repairs that can reasonably be made with refinancing proceeds. Have no unauthorized Liens.



Topic	Should
You	 Have loss sharing on the Portfolio Mortgage Loan. Document in the Transaction Approval Memo that refinancing will reduce the Portfolio Mortgage Loan's credit
	risk, and - not merely delay a foreclosure that may increase losses.

Fannie Mae may also require:

- Property improvements to increase cash flow;
- Property management changes;
- increased Replacement Reserves; or
- other risk-mitigating terms.

Section 802 Representations

Requirements

Unless modified by this Chapter, you must provide the same selling and servicing representations and warranties required for a newly originated Mortgage Loan.



Bond Trustee

Trustee for a Credit Enhancement Instrument.

Synonyms

Bond Trustee's

■ Letter of Credit

Letter of Credit approved by Fannie Mae per Part I, Chapter 2: Mortgage Loan, Section 204: Letters of Credit.

Synonyms

Letters of Credit's
LOC
LOCs

-Level 2 In Place Loans

Generally, Portfolio Mortgage Loans with an Underwritten DSCR not less than 5 basis points below Tier 2 standards and an LTV not greater than 5% above Tier 2 standards per Part V, Chapter 8: In Place Loans, Section 802: In Place Loan Categories.

Synonyms

Level 2 In Place Loan

*-Level 3 In Place Loans

Generally, Portfolio Mortgage Loans with an Underwritten DSCR greater than 5 basis points below Tier 2 standards or an LTV greater than 5% above Tier 2 standards per Part V, Chapter 8: In Place Loans, Section 802: In Place Loan Categories.

Synonyms

Level 2 In Place Loan



MAMP

Multifamily Asset Management Portal used to submit Property inspections, operating statements, and requested modifications; asset management reports; and data corrections related to loan or property level attributes.

Synonyms

Multifamily Asset Management Portal MAMP's

Portfolio Mortgage Loan

Mortgage Loan purchased by Fannie Mae and held as of a certain date regardless of whether it is a Cash Mortgage Loan or an MBS Mortgage Loan.

Synonyms

Portfolio Mortgage Loans Portfolio Mortgage Loan's